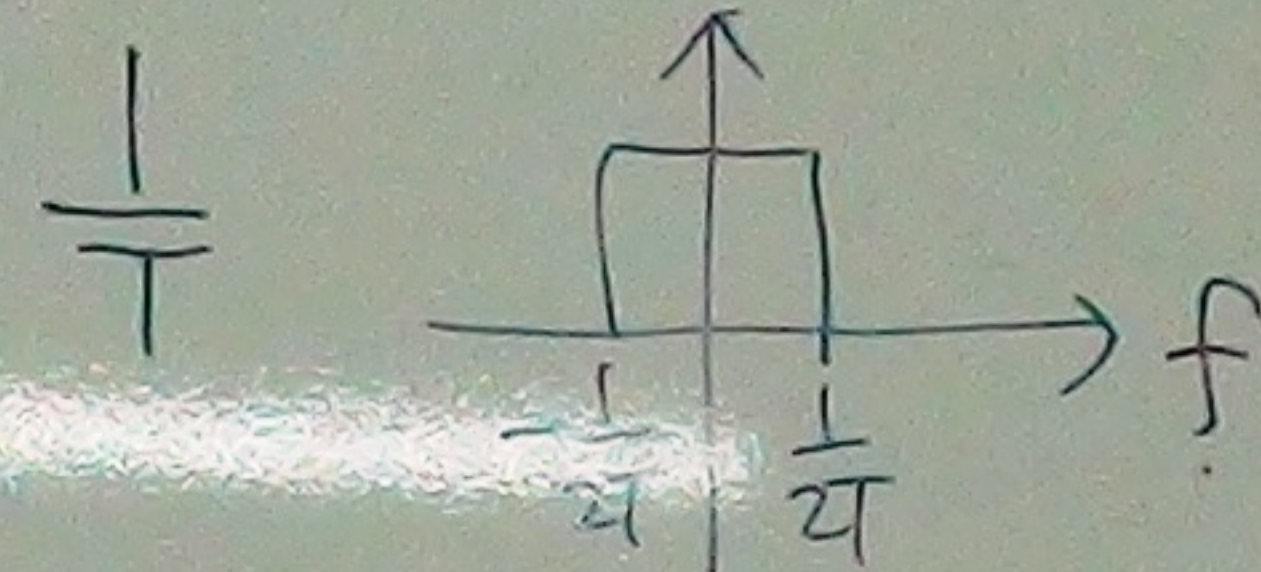


□ T-IT 2005 "Continuous-Time Equivalents of Welch Bound Equality Sequences"

○
$$Y(t) = \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} d_k[m] s_k(t-mT) + N(t)$$

 ↑
 AWGN



$$W \geq K \cdot \frac{1}{T} \quad WT \geq K$$

$$W < K \cdot \frac{1}{T} \quad \boxed{WT < K}$$

 overloaded system

$$Y(t) = \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} d_k[m] s_k(t-mT) + N(t)$$

$$\underline{w}_k(t) \longleftrightarrow \underline{w}_k(f) = \underline{s}_k(f)^H \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f) \underline{s}_k(f)^H \right) \underline{s}_k(f)$$

NOMA

$$\text{MMSE}_k = 1 - \int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \underline{s}_k(f)^H \left(\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f) \underline{s}_k(f)^H \right) \underline{s}_k(f) df$$

$$\text{TMSE} = \sum_{k=1}^K \text{MMSE}_k = K - \int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \left[\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f)^H \left(\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f) \underline{s}_k(f)^H \right) \underline{s}_k(f) \right] df$$

$$\left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \Lambda \right)^{-1} \Lambda$$

$$= \frac{\lambda_k}{\sigma^2 + \lambda_k}$$

○
$$\min_{\underline{s}(t)} \text{TMSE} =$$

$$K - T \int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{\lambda_k(f)}{\lambda_k(f) + \sigma^2} df$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{S}(f) \underline{S}(f)^H = \left(\frac{K}{N} \right) \mathbf{I}$$

$$K \geq N$$

s.t. $\|\underline{s}_k(t)\|^2 = T, \forall k$

$$\int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \|\underline{s}_k(f)\|^2 df = T$$

$$\text{tr}(ABC) = \text{tr}(BCA)$$

$$K < N$$

$$\frac{1}{N} \underline{S}(f)^H \underline{S}(f) = \mathbf{I}$$

○
$$\sum_{k=1}^K \left[\underline{s}_k^H \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)^{-1} \underline{s}_k \right]$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^K \text{tr} \left(\left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)^{-1} \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)$$

$$= \text{tr} \left\{ \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)^{-1} \left(\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right) \right\}$$

where $\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{s}_1 & \underline{s}_2 & \dots & \underline{s}_K \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{s}_1^H \\ \underline{s}_2^H \\ \vdots \\ \underline{s}_K^H \end{bmatrix} = \underline{S} \underline{S}^H$

$$= \underline{U} \underline{\Lambda} \underline{U}^H$$

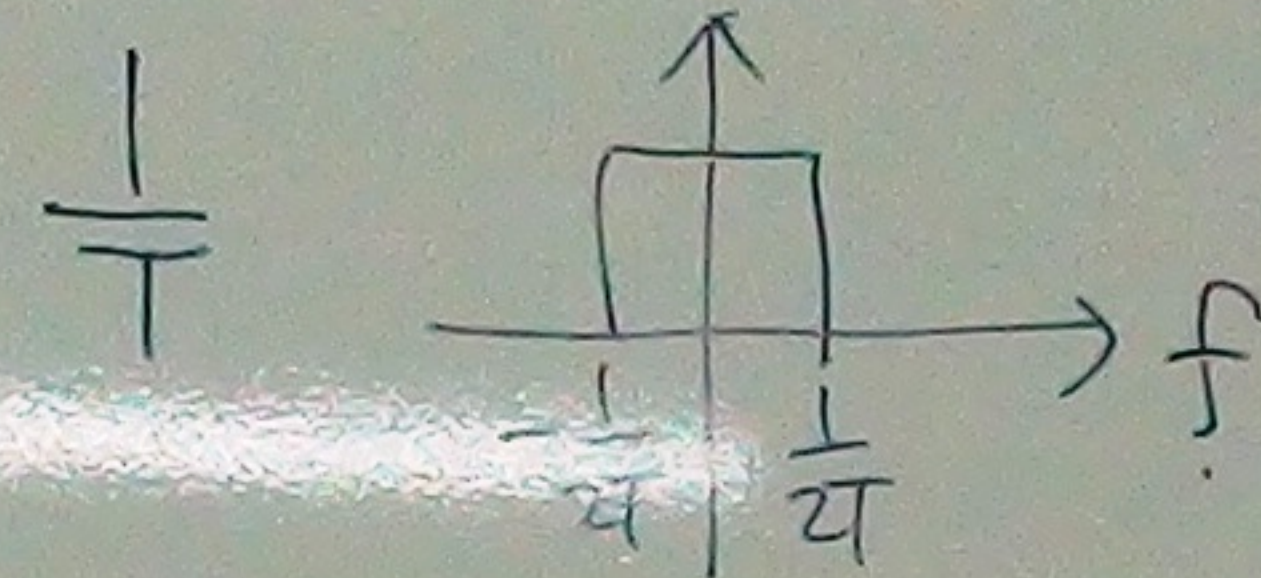
$$= \text{tr} \left\{ \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \underline{U} \underline{\Lambda} \underline{U}^H \right)^{-1} \underline{U} \underline{\Lambda} \underline{U}^H \right\} = \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{\lambda_k}{\sigma^2 + \lambda_k}$$



□ T-IT 2005 "Continuous-Time Equivalents of Welch Bound Equality Sequences"

$$Y(t) = \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} d_k[m] s_k(t-mT) + N(t)$$

↑
AWGN



$$Y(t) = \sum_{k=1}^K \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} d_k[m] s_k(t-mT) + N(t)$$

$$W \geq K \cdot \frac{1}{T} \quad W < K \cdot \frac{1}{T}$$

$$WT \geq K \quad \boxed{WT < K}$$

overloaded system

$$\underline{w}_k(t) \longleftrightarrow \underline{w}_k(f) = \underline{s}_k(f)^H \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f) \underline{s}_k(f)^H \right) \underline{s}_k(f)$$

NOMA:

$$\text{MMSE}_k = 1 - \int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \underline{s}_k(f)^H \left(\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f) \underline{s}_k(f)^H \right) \underline{s}_k(f) df \quad R_{xx}(f)$$

$$\text{TMSE} = \sum_{k=1}^K \text{MMSE}_k = K - \int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \left[\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f)^H \left(\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k(f) \underline{s}_k(f)^H \right) \underline{s}_k(f) \right] df$$

$$(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \Lambda)^{-1} \Lambda$$

$$= \frac{\lambda_k}{\sigma^2 + \lambda_k}$$

$$\min_{\underline{s}_k(t)} \text{TMSE} = K - T \int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{\lambda_k(f)}{\lambda_k(f) + \sigma^2} df$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{S}(f) \underline{S}(f)^H = \left(\frac{K}{N} \right) \mathbf{I}$$

$K \geq N$

$$\text{s.t. } \|\underline{s}_k(t)\|^2 = T, \forall k$$

$$\int_{-\frac{1}{2T}}^{\frac{1}{2T}} \|\underline{s}_k(f)\|^2 df = T$$

tr(ABC) = tr(CA)

$$\frac{K < N}{\underline{S}(f)^H \underline{S}(f) = \mathbf{I}}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k^H \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)^{-1} \underline{s}_k$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^K \text{tr} \left(\left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)^{-1} \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)$$

$$= \text{tr} \left\{ \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right)^{-1} \left(\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H \right) \right\} \quad L \times K$$

where $\sum_{k=1}^K \underline{s}_k \underline{s}_k^H = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{s}_1 & \underline{s}_2 & \dots & \underline{s}_K \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{s}_1^H \\ \underline{s}_2^H \\ \vdots \\ \underline{s}_K^H \end{bmatrix} = \underline{S} \underline{S}^H$

$$= \underline{U} \underline{\Lambda} \underline{U}^H$$

$$= \text{tr} \left\{ \left(\sigma^2 \mathbf{I} + \underline{U} \underline{\Lambda} \underline{U}^H \right)^{-1} \underline{U} \underline{\Lambda} \underline{U}^H \right\} = \sum_{k=1}^K \frac{\lambda_k}{\sigma^2 + \lambda_k}$$

□ T-IT 2005 "Continuous-Time Equivalents of Welch Bound Equality Sequences"

(i) $MMSE_K = 1 - \frac{1}{\frac{K}{WT} + \frac{N_0}{E_s}}$
 $= \frac{1}{MSINR_K + 1}$

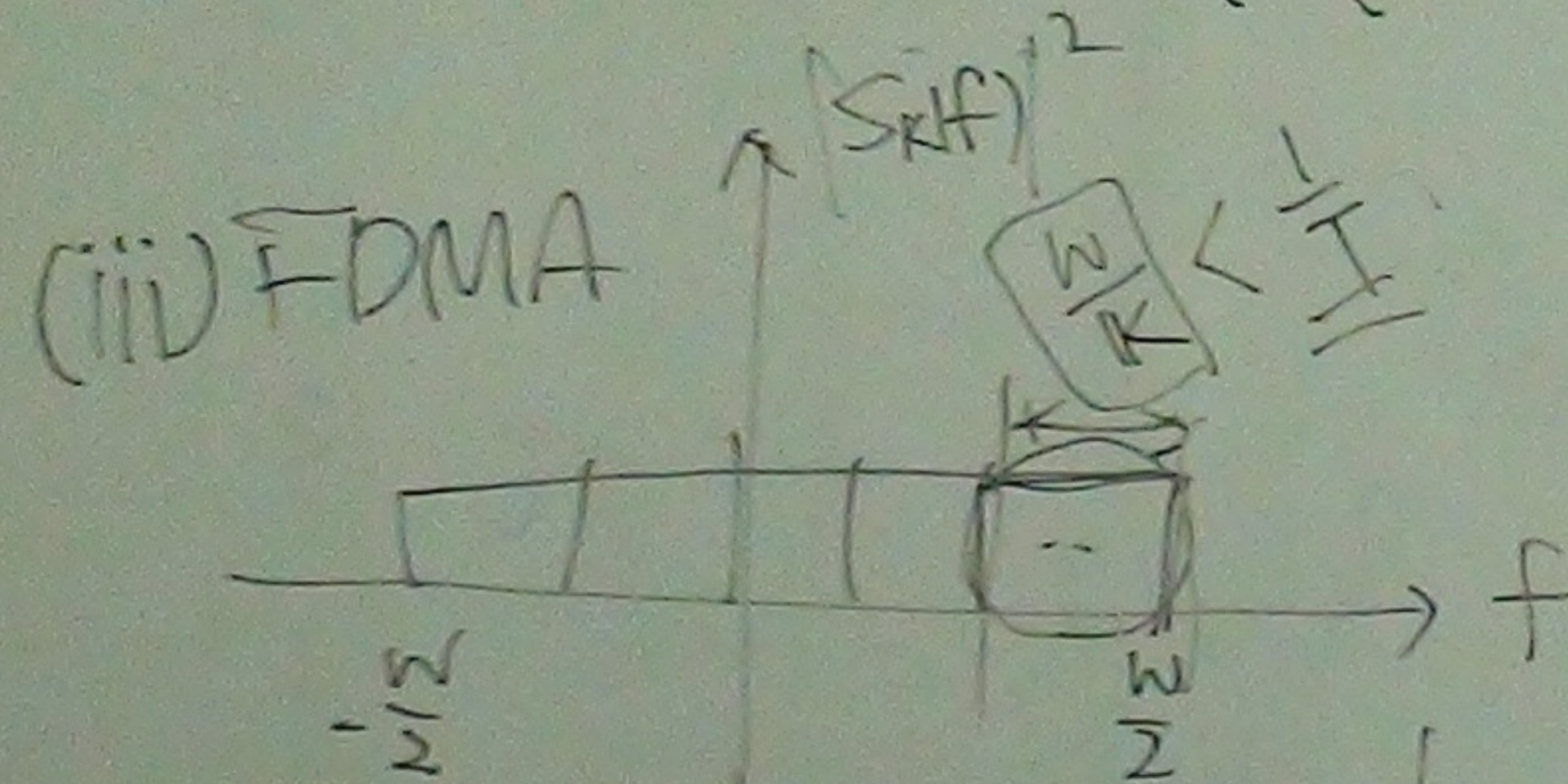
$MSINR_K = \frac{1}{MMSE_K} - 1$

$= \frac{1}{(\frac{K}{WT} - 1) + \frac{N_0}{E_s}}$ for $\frac{K}{WT} \geq 1$.

$\Rightarrow S(f)S(f)^H = (\frac{K}{WT})T \mathbf{I}$

(ii) $\min TMSE = K \left(1 - \frac{1}{\frac{K}{WT} + \frac{N_0}{E_s}} \right)$

$\leq \frac{E_s}{N_0}$, holds $\frac{K}{WT} = 1$.



$SINR_K = \frac{1}{(\frac{K}{WT} - 1) + \frac{N_0}{E_s}}$

□

$Y \in \mathbb{C}^4$

$Y = \sum_{k=1}^K S_k + N$

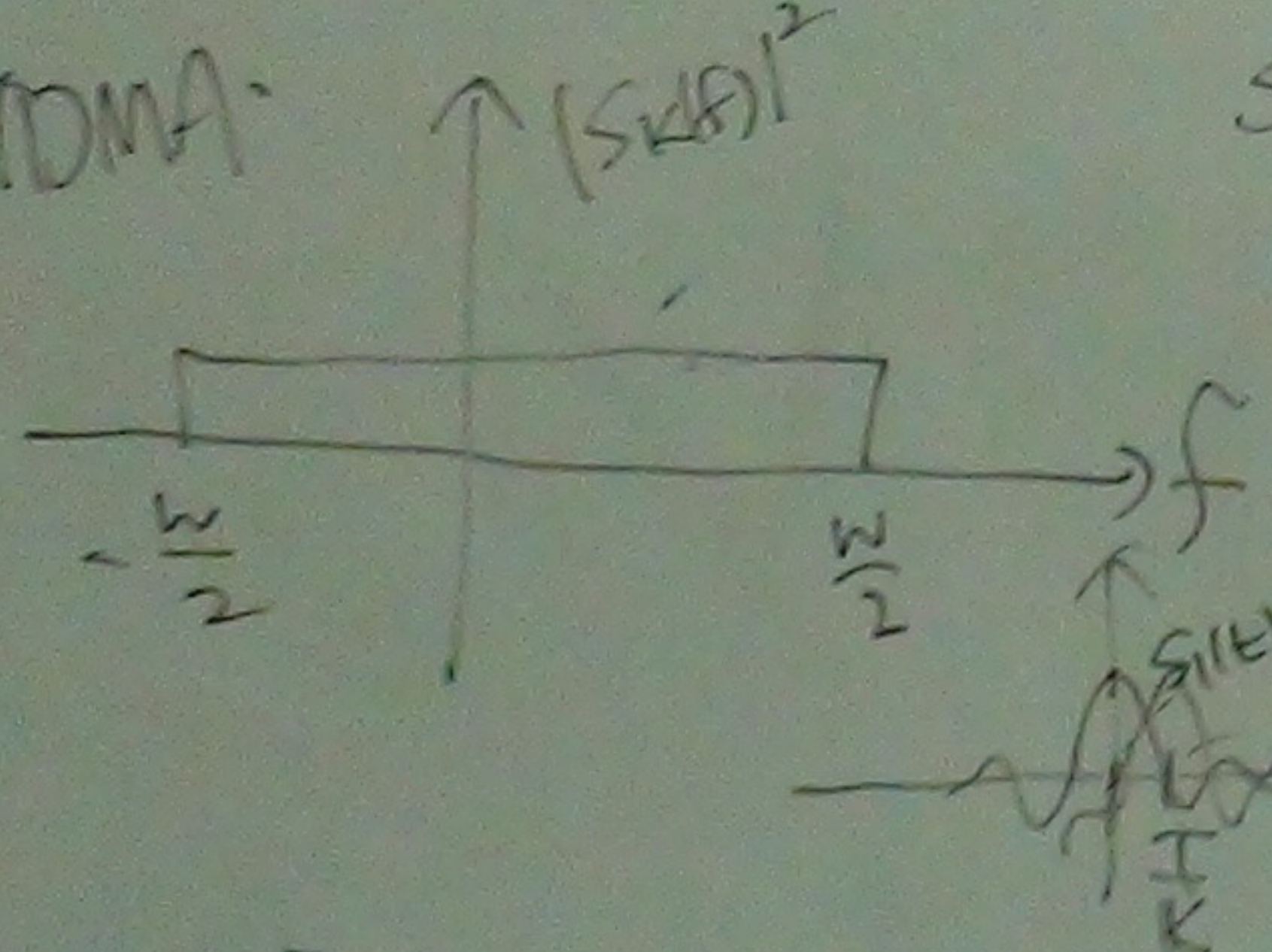
$WT \geq K$

$WT \leq K$

over $\frac{E_s}{N_0}$ critically.

$1 + (\frac{K}{WT} - 1) \frac{E_s}{N_0}$

(iv) TDMA



$S_k(t) = S(t - \frac{kT}{K})$

$S = [S_1, S_2, \dots, S_K]$

$SS^H = aI$

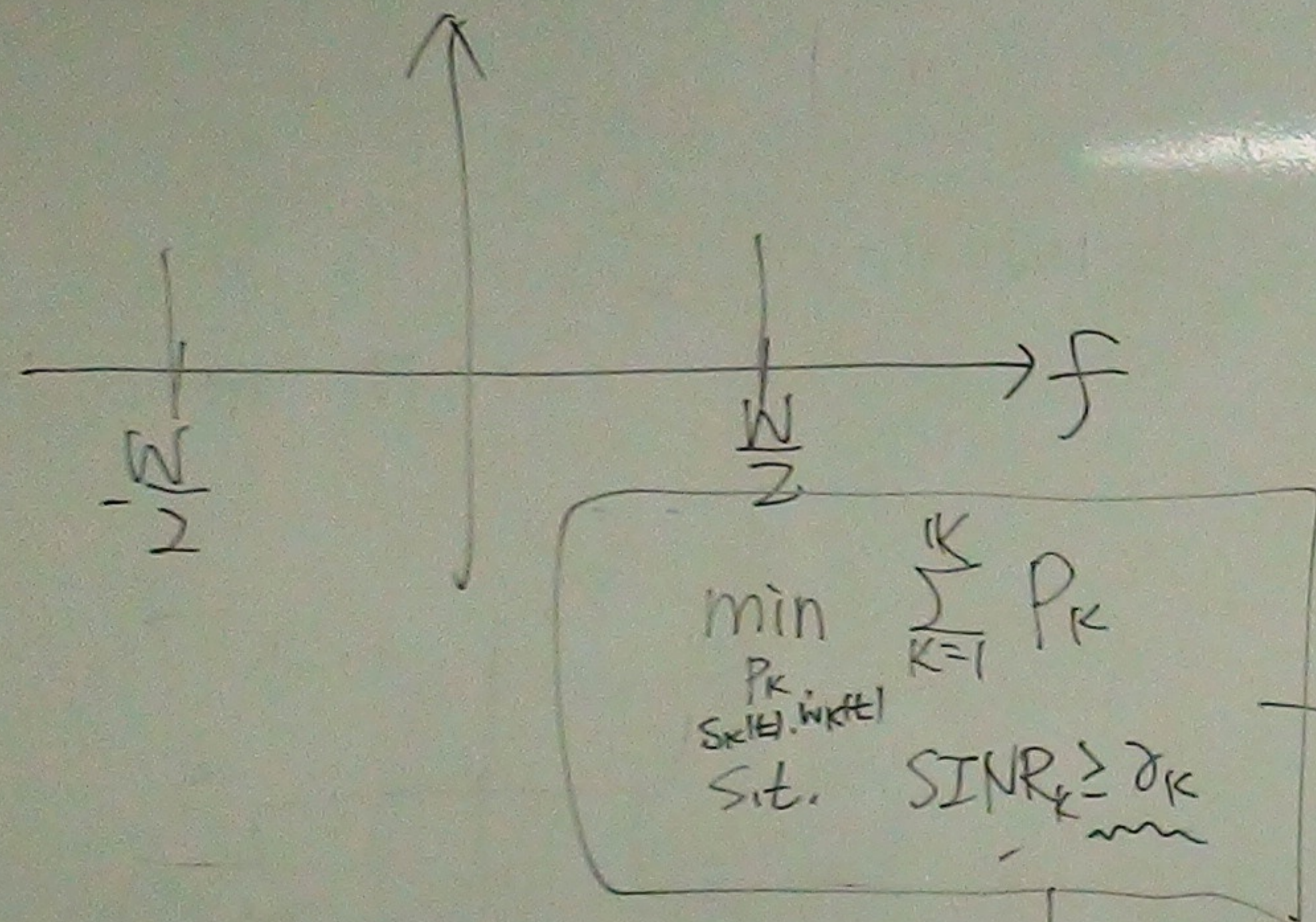
$\|S^H S - I\|_F^2$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$



EECE 606M, CM#29b

□ T-COM 2008 FD system vs. CD system.

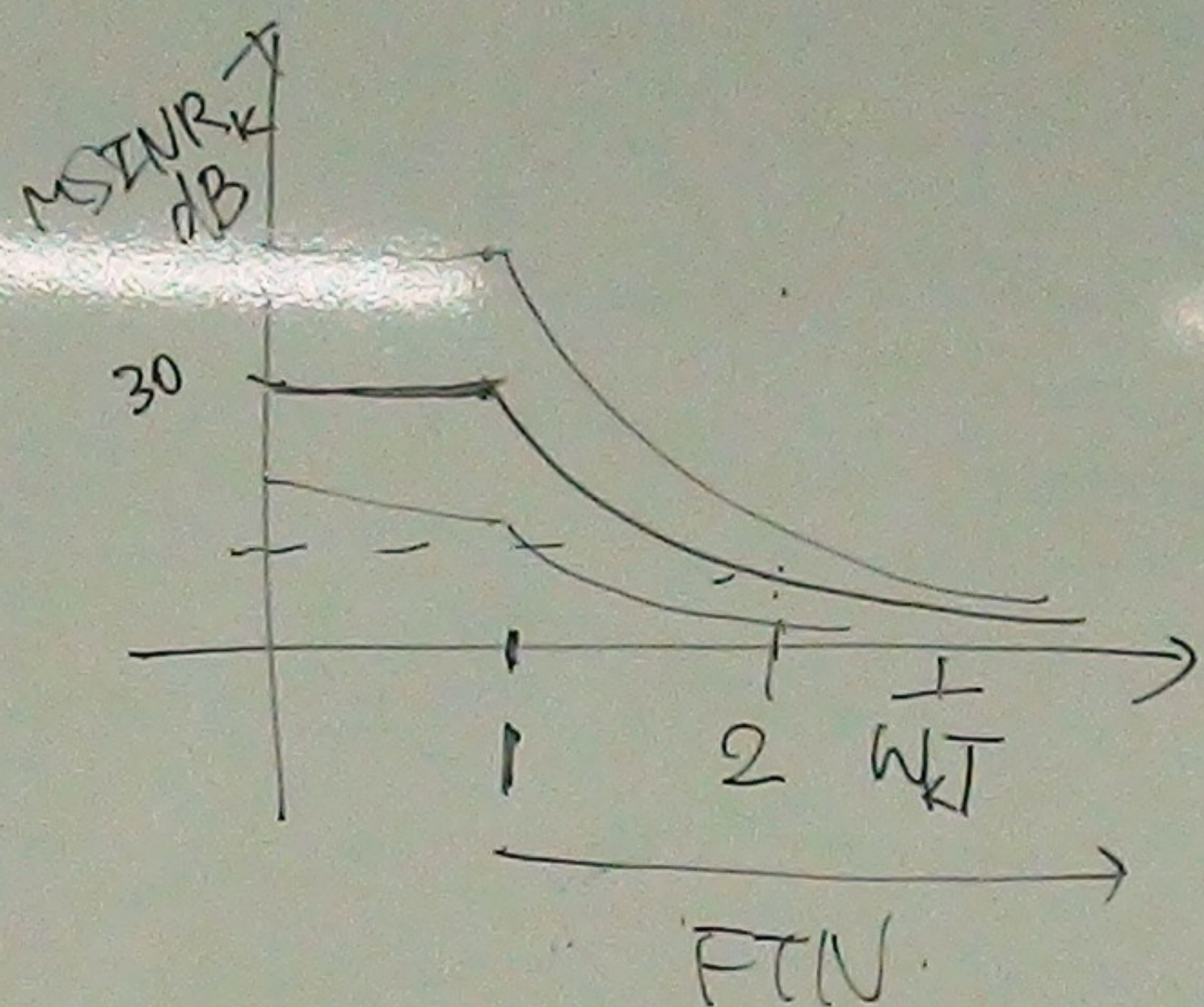


$$MSINR_k = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{W_k} - 1\right) + \frac{N_0}{E_s}}$$

$$\min_{P_k} \sum_{k=1}^K P_k$$

s.t. $\sum W_k \leq W$

$$MSINR_k \geq \gamma_k$$



Generalized WBE

□ T-II 2008

$$Y(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^K \sqrt{P_k} d_k[m] S_k(t-mT) + N(t)$$

$$\min_{P_k, S_k(t), W_k(t)} \sum_{k=1}^K P_k$$

s.t. $SINR_k \geq \gamma_k$

$$Y(t) = \sum_m \sum_k \sqrt{P_k} d_k[m] S_k(t-mT) + N(t)$$

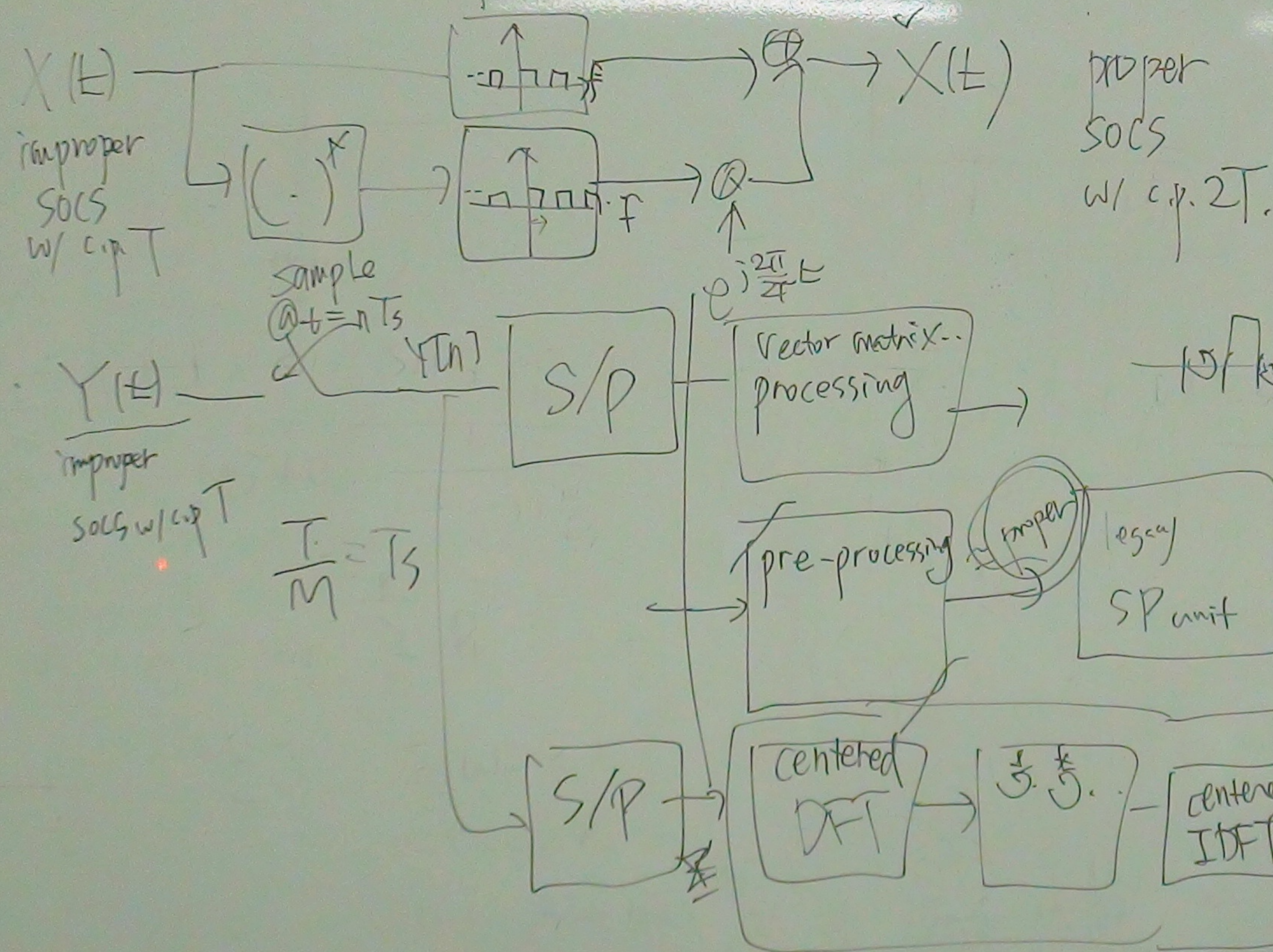
$$S(f) S^H(f) = \frac{K}{N} I$$

GWBEA



□ T-IT 2014

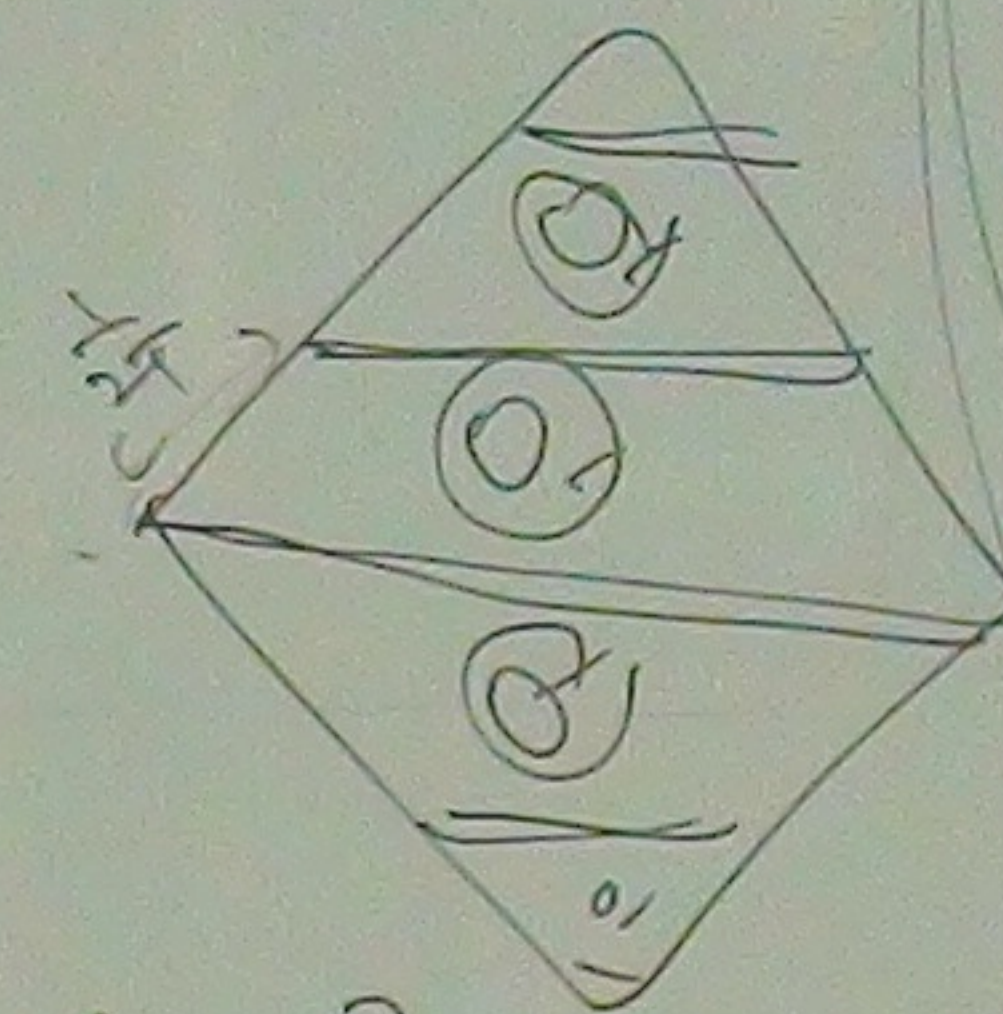
Asymptotic FRESH-properizer



Example.

(i) presence detector

(ii) ...

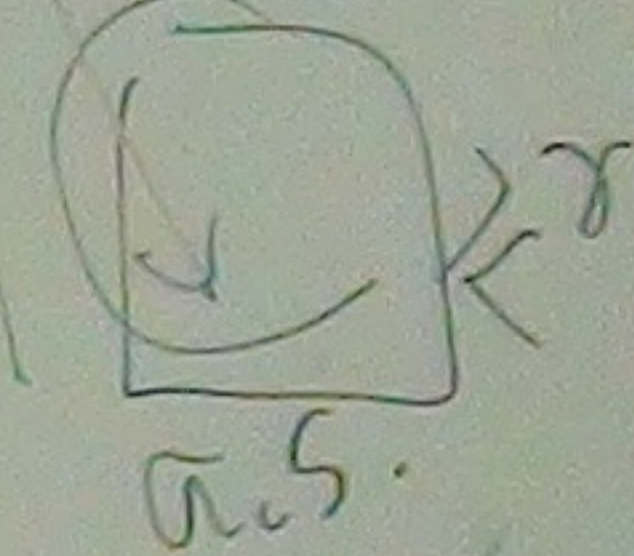


$$H_0: \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{N}$$

$$H_1: \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{s} + \mathbf{N}$$

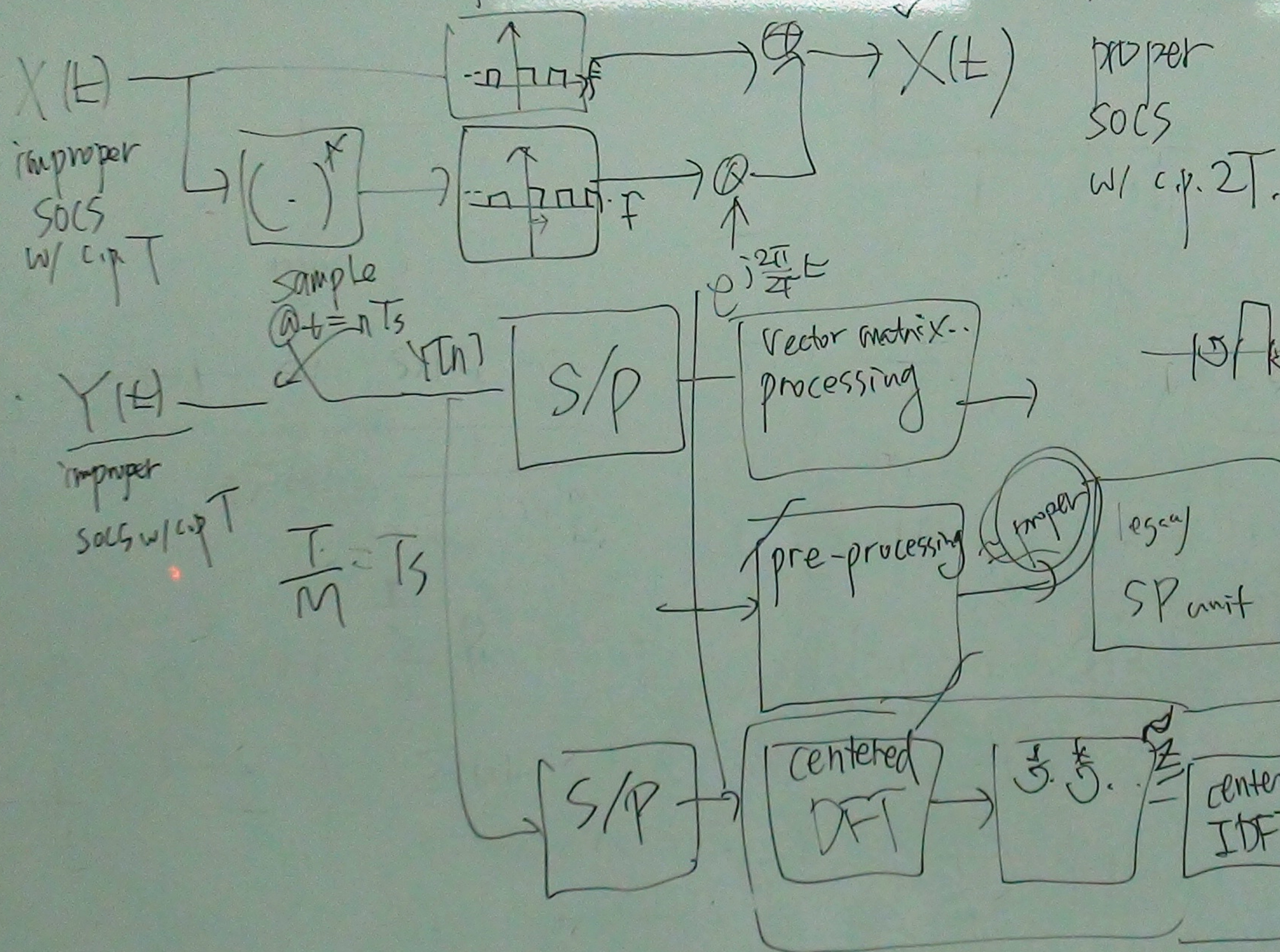
$$H_0: \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{N}$$

$$H_1: \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{s} + \mathbf{N}$$



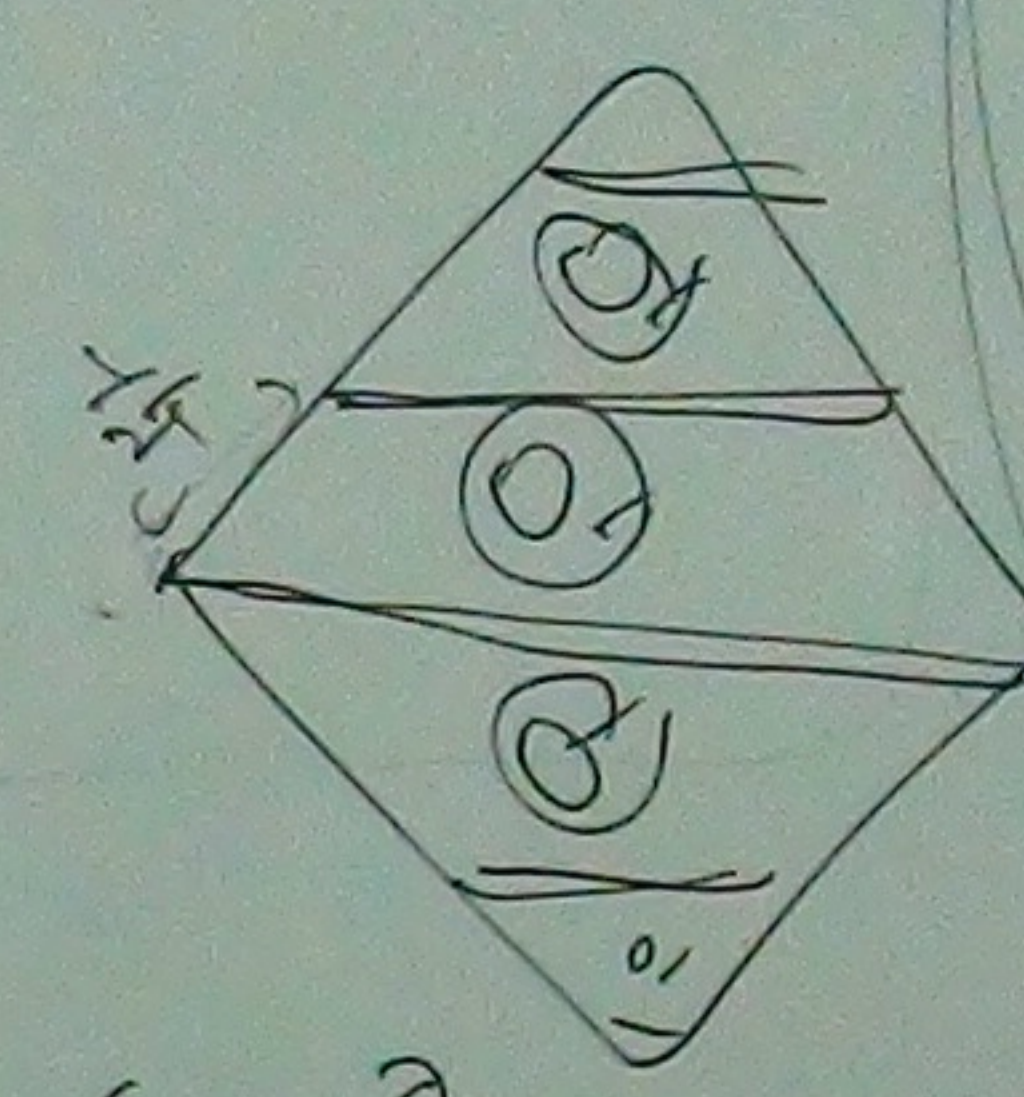
□ T-IT 2014

Asymptotic FRESH-properizer



Example.

- (i) presence detector
- (ii) ...



$H_0: \underline{Z} = \underline{N}$
 $H_1: \underline{Z} = \underline{S} + \underline{N}$
 $H_0: \underline{Z} = \underline{N}$
 vs $\underline{N}$
 $H_1: \underline{Z} = \underline{S} + \underline{N}$
 u.s.



EECE 696M, CM#29C'

□ T-IT 2014

□ T-COM

T-WCOM

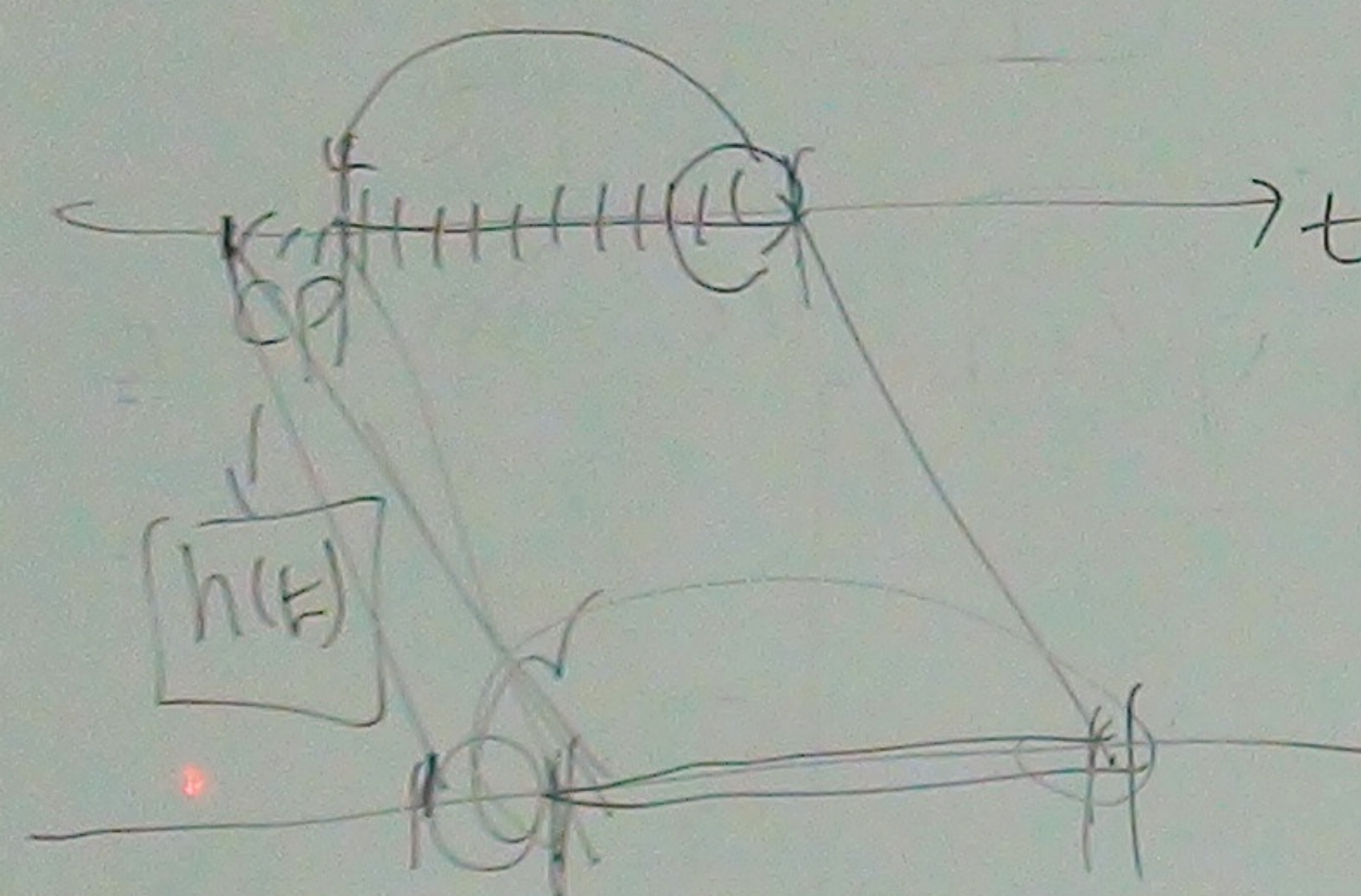
Equalizer

$$Y(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} d(n)p(t-nT) + N_I(t) + N(t)$$

$$Y(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} d(n)p(t-nT) + N_I(t) + N(t)$$

data-like interference

cyclos. impulse



SC-FDE

1/G) DFT-5 OFDM #...

□ IFT

sub-Nyquist rate Sampling

s.-N RCD

$$\underline{Y} = \underline{H} \underline{X} + \underline{N}_I + \underline{N}$$

Circulant

Toeplitz

$$\tilde{\underline{Y}} = \tilde{\underline{H}} \tilde{\underline{X}} + \tilde{\underline{N}}_I + \tilde{\underline{N}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

